Physics-Based Drilling Practices
A Step Change in Geothermal Drilling Performance

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Change was due to “programmatic” initiative to implement training and physics-based practices, as well as workflow changes to support continuously redesign of limiters.
Basic Physics (How something really works)

Drill rate is easy with an efficient bit. Just raise WOB or RPM and it goes up linearly with either. People don’t know this.

Rate of Penetration (ROP)

Weight on Bit (WOB)

Linear Increase in ROP

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Mechanical Specific Energy (MSE) Challenged Us to Understand The Physics of Everything (not be empirical)

Changes in ROP are primarily due to changes in the level of bit dysfunction, not rock strength.

### WOB step test

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chart Time Scale</th>
<th>Test Minutes</th>
<th>Alarm Settings</th>
<th>Jump to Live Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01/23/14</td>
<td>1:15:14 AM</td>
<td>Chart Time Scale</td>
<td>Test Minutes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROP (1 ft)</th>
<th>MSE (1 min.)</th>
<th>Rotary Torq</th>
<th>Pump Press</th>
<th>Flow Out</th>
<th>Flow In</th>
<th>Block Height</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.0 ft/hr</td>
<td>0.0 ksi</td>
<td>0 ft-lbs</td>
<td>-1 psi</td>
<td>-10 %</td>
<td>0 bbls/hr</td>
<td>20.80 ft</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROP (1 min)</th>
<th>WOB</th>
<th>Rotary Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.0 ft/hr</td>
<td>33.5 lbs</td>
<td>0 rpm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Some More Basic Physics:
Higher WOB Itself Does Not Wear the Bit Faster

Bits wear at the tip from “sliding distance”. Doubling WOB cuts sliding distance in half (wear/ft in half)

20k lbs WOB @ 50 fph
32,038 ft of sliding

60k lbs WOB @ 150 fph
10,679 ft of sliding
Limiter Redesign™

Run WOB step tests and identify what limits it. Redesign it until something else does. Repeat.

All limiters lie on a single line, which allows us to prioritize them. There can be only one at a given moment in time.

Onset of Dysfunction
- Vibrations
- Bit Balling
- Bottom Hole Balling
- Interfacial Severity

Founder Point
- Rig top drive or rotary torque
- Drill string make-up torque
- Hole cleaning rate
- Angle build tendency
- Motor differential rating
- Reaming
- Circulating
- Tripping

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Trouble Time Goes Down

If you just raise WOB empirically, trouble time goes up the faster you drill

If you redesign what limits WOB before raising it, trouble time goes down the faster you drill
We must teach the people how things really work (physics) and invent new workflow, or there’s no fertile ground for physic-based practices or performance.
A Path Forward for Geothermal

1. Compile existing physics and known redesign practices. Texas A&M’s High Performance Drilling may be a good start (physics and 134 practices)

2. Develop changes in daily workflow to ensure the entire organization is working to continually redesign limiters (i.e., Limiter Redesign™, Pioneer PXDrill™, Apache HPD™, Oxy Drilling Dynamics™)

3. Conduct step tests and determine dominant limiters to WOB

4. Develop training and put the entire team in the room at the same time. Include all key vendor and contractor personnel. Management too.
   1. The physics (how things really work)
   2. What the driller can do in real time to extend the limiter (WOB)
   3. What the engineer can redesign post-drill to extend the limiter (WOB)
   4. Operator’s workflow changes must be integrated into the training

5. Reinforce classroom training with surveillance of digital data by engineers and discussion of limiters in daily management calls. Keep redesigning.

6. Expect 2-3 years of leaning into the wind to change empirical to physics-based culture